

Result certificate #012345

Detection of c.1847del mutation in PDE6A gene causing RCD3 disease dogs

Customer: Jan Novák, Dlouhá 1, 30000 Plzeň, Czech Republic

Sample:

Sample: 21-12345 Date received: 01.02.2021 Sample type: blood

Information provided by the customer

Name: Lassie DEMO Breed: Plemeno

Tattoo number: 1392013 Microchip: 123 456 789 012 345 Reg. number: REGQ12345 Date of birth: 1.1.2020

Sex: female

Date of sampling: 01.02.2021

The identity of the animal has been checked.

Result: Mutation was not detected (N/N)

Legend: N/N = wild-type genotype. N/P = carrier of the mutation. P/P = mutated genotype (individual will be most probably affected with the disease). (N = negative, P = positive)

Explanation

Presence or absence of mutation c.1847del (previously called c.1940delA) in PDE6A gene causing PRA-rcd3 (Progressive Retinal Atrophy form Rod Cone Dysplasia 3) in Cardigan Welsh Corgi and Chinese Crested dog was tested. PRA-rcd3 is a cureless disease; affected individuals become usually blind in very early age.

Mutation that causes PRA-rcd3 in Cardigan Welsh Corgi and Chinese Crested dog is inherited as an autosomal recessive trait. That means the disease affects dogs with P/P genotype only. The dogs with N/P genotype are considered carriers of the disease (heterozygotes). In offspring of two heterozygous animals following genotype distribution can be expected: 25% N/N, 25% P/P and 50% N/P.

Method: SOPAgriseq_canine, ngs, accredited method

Date of issue: 06.02.2021

Date of testing: 01.02.2021 - 06.02.2021

Approved by: Mgr. Martina Šafrová, Laboratory Manager



Genomia is accredited in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025:2018 under #1549 Genomia s.r.o, Republikánská 6, 31200 Plzeň, Czech Republic www.genomia.cz, laborator@genomia.cz, tel: +420 373 749 999

