

Result certificate #012345

Detection of c.1189dupG mutation in ACPT gene causing amelogenesis imperfecta in Akitas

Customer: Jan Novák, Dlouhá 1, 30000 Plzeň, Czech Republic

Sample:

Sample: 21-12345 Date received: 01.02.2021 Sample type: blood

Information provided by the customer

Name: Lassie DEMO Breed: Plemeno

Tattoo number: 1392013 Microchip: 123 456 789 012 345 Reg. number: REGQ12345 Date of birth: 1.1.2020

Sex: female

Date of sampling: 01.02.2021

The identity of the animal has been checked.

Result: Mutation was not detected (N/N)

Legend: N/N = wild-type genotype. N/P = carrier of the mutation. P/P = mutated genotype (individual will be most probably affected with the disease). (N = negative, P = positive)

Explanation

Presence or absence of c.1189dupG mutation in ACPT gene causing amelogenesis imperfecta (AI) in Akita-Inu and American Akita was tested. Al is a hereditary teeth disorder that is characterized by abnormalities in the enamel structure, composition and amount. The teeth od affected dogs appear to be smaller and pointed with increased gaps between the teeth in comparison with the teeth of a healthy dog.

Mutation that causes Al in Akitas is inherited autosomally recessively which means that the disease develops only in those dogs who inherit mutated allele from both parents; disease affects dogs with P/P genotype only. The dogs with N/P genotype are considered carriers of the disease (heterozygotes). In offspring of two heterozygous animals following genotype distribution can be expected: 25 % N/N, 25 % P/P and 50 % N/P.

Method: SOP188-MPS-canine, MPS, accredited method

Date of issue: 06.02.2021

Date of testing: 01.02.2021 - 06.02.2021

Approved by: Mgr. Ma<mark>rti</mark>na Šafrová, Laboratory Manager



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