

Result certificate #012345

Detection of c.1159G>A mutation in ADAMTS10 gene causing POAG in Norwegian Elkhounds

Customer: Jan Novák, Dlouhá 1, 30000 Plzeň, Czech Republic

Sample:

Sample: 21-12345 Date received: 01.02.2021 Sample type: blood

Information provided by the customer

Name: Lassie DEMO Breed: Plemeno

Tattoo number: 1392013 Microchip: 123 456 789 012 345 Reg. number: REGQ12345 Date of birth: 1.1.2020

Sex: female

Date of sampling: 01.02.2021

The identity of the animal has been checked.

Result: Mutation was not detected (N/N)

Legend: N/N = wild-type genotype. N/P = carrier of the mutation. P/P = mutated genotype (individual will be most probably affected with the disease). (N = negative, P = positive)

Explanation

Presence or absence of c.1159G>A mutation in ADAMTS10 gene causing primary open angle glaucoma (POAG) in Norwegian Elkhounds was tested. The POAG glaucoma is characterized by elevated intraocular pressure, loss of retinal ganglion cells and atrophy of the optic nerve. The clinical symptoms occur between 9 and 18 months of age. They are very different and depend on the duration and rate of disease development and the age of the dog.

Mutation that causes POAG in Norwegian Elkhounds is inherited autosomally recessively which means that the disease develops only in those dogs who inherit mutated allele from both parents; disease affects dogs with P/P genotype only. The dogs with N/P genotype are considered carriers of the disease (heterozygotes). In offspring of two heterozygous animals following genotype distribution can be expected: 25 % N/N, 25 % P/P and 50 % N/P.

Method: SOPAgriseq_canine, ngs

Date of issue: 06.02.2021

Date of testing: 01.02.2021 - 06.02.2021

Approved by: Mgr. Martina Šafrová, Laboratory Manager



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