

## Result certificate #012345

Detection of c.586C>T mutation in exon 2 of SLC3A1 gene causing cystinuria in Newfoundland and Landseer breeds

Customer: Jan Novák, Dlouhá 1, 30000 Plzeň, Czech Republic

Sample:

Sample: 21-12345 Date received: 01.02.2021 Sample type: blood

Information provided by the customer

Name: Lassie DEMO Breed: Plemeno

Tattoo number: 1392013 Microchip: 123 456 789 012 345 Reg. number: REGQ12345 Date of birth: 1.1.2020

Sex: female

Date of sampling: 01.02.2021

The identity of the animal has been checked.

## Result: Mutation was not detected (N/N)

**Legend:** N/N = wild-type genotype. N/P = carrier of the mutation. P/P = mutated genotype (individual will be most probably affected with the disease). (N = negative, P = positive)

## **Explanation**

Presence or absence of c.586C>T mutation in exon 2 of SLC3A1 gene causing cystinuria in Newfoundland and Landseer breeds was tested. Due to high concentration of cystine, hard crystals of cystine can be formed in the urine of affected individuals. The crystals can cause uncomfortable health complications e.g. urinary deposits and/or kidney stones, which can ultimately lead to the obstruction of the urinary tract.

Mutation that causes cystinuria is inherited as an autosomal recessive trait. That means the disease affects dogs with P/P genotype only. The dogs with N/P genotype are considered carriers of the disease (heterozygotes). In offspring of two heterozygous animals following genotype distribution can be expected: 25 % N/N, 25 % P/P and 50 % N/P.

Method: SOPAgriseq\_canine, ngs, accredited method

Date of issue: 06.02.2021

Date of testing: 01.02.2021 - 06.02.2021

Approved by: Mgr. Martina Šafrová, Laboratory Manager



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