

Result certificate #012345

Detection of c.1315G>A mutation in LPL gene causing Hyperlipoproteinaemia in cats

Customer: Jan Novák, Dlouhá 1, 30000 Plzeň, Czech Republic

Sample:

Sample: 08-12346 Date received: 01.01.2008 Sample type: buccal swab

Information provided by the customer

Name: Madame Théophile DEMO

Breed: Persian catDate of birth: 31.12.1909

Reg. number: (CZ)ABCD EF 123/45/XYZ

Microchip: 123456789012345

Sex: female

Date of sampling: 01.01.2008

The identity of the animal has been checked.

Result: Mutation was not detected (N/N)

Legend: N/N = wild-type genotype. N/P = carrier of the mutation. P/P = mutated genotype (individual will be most probably affected with the disease). (N = negative, P = positive)

Explanation

Presence or absence of c.1315G>A mutation in LPL gene causing Hyperlipoproteinaemia in cats was examined. Hyperlipoproteinemia is characterized by elevated concentrations of lipids or lipoproteins (especially cholesterol and triglycerides) in the blood. In cats, it is manifested by dysfunction of the digestive system (vomiting, diarrhoea, lack of appetite, abdominal pain), impaired vision and neurological problems (peripheral neuropathy).

Mutation that causes Hyperlipoproteinaemia is inherited autosomally recessively which means that the disease develops only in those cats who inherit mutated allele from both parents; disease affects cats with P/P genotype only. The cats with N/P genotype are considered carriers of the disease (heterozygotes). In offspring of two heterozygous animals following genotype distribution can be expected: 25 % N/N, 25 % P/P and 50 % N/P.

Method: SOPAgriseq_feline, ngs

Date of issue: 06.01.2008

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Approved by: Mgr. Martina Šafrová, Laboratory Manager



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